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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/623,802	07/22/2003	Martin C. M. M. Barnardo	1181-282	5302

6449 7590 02/20/2007  
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WASHINGTON, DC 20005

EXAMINER
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COUNTS, GARY W

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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1641

SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
3 MONTHS	02/20/2007	ELECTRONIC

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Notice of this Office communication was sent electronically on the above-indicated "Notification Date" and has a shortened statutory period for reply of 3 MONTHS from 02/20/2007.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

PTO-PAT-Email@rfem.com

**Office Action Summary**

Application No.

10/623,802

Applicant(s)

BARNARDO ET. AL.

Examiner

Gary W. Counts

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 January 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 22-29, 34-41, 46 and 47 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 22-29, 34-41, 46 and 47 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                                | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                       | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application                       |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

**DETAILED ACTION**

***Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114***

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 01/08/07 has been entered.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claims 22-29, 34-41, 46 and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The specification on page 2, lines 1-2 disclose that HLA class II molecules are coded for by the DR, DQ, DP, DO and DM regions. The specification on page 12, lines 10-12 discloses that the invention extends to class II MHC molecules. Especially preferably the MHC molecules are in monomeric form. The specification does not disclose a single example of a

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recombinant MHC comprising a class II heavy chain HLA monomer, a class II beta-2-microglobulin HLA monomer and a folding peptide. Further, the publication (Transplantation, Vol 70, 531-536, No. 3, August 15, 2000) which is an article from applicant (e.g. Barnardo) on page 536, col 1, lines 7-10 states that "at present, however, the synthesis of class II monomer has not been reported, although their construction is imminent. Given successful construction of these recombinant molecules, their efficacy in the assay would need to be tested as for class I". The specification does not provide a single example of a recombinant MHC molecule as claimed and does not show an example or disclose anywhere in the specification a recombinant class II monomer as claimed.

4. Claim 22-29, 34-41, 46 and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

Enablement requires that the specification teach those in the art to make and use the invention without undue experimentation. The factors that must be considered in determining undue experimentation are set forth in *In re Wands* USPTQ2d 14000. Factors to be considered in determining whether a disclosure would require undue experimentation include (1) the nature of the invention, (2) the state of the prior art, (3) the predictability or lack thereof in the art, (4) the amount of direction or guidance present, (5) the presence or absence of

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working examples, (6) the quantity of experimentation necessary, (7) the relative skill of those in the art, and (8) the breadth of the claims.

The instant claims are directed to a method of depleting anti-major histocompatibility complex (anti-MHC) antibodies in a sample, wherein said anti-MHC antibodies are specific for a naturally occurring MHC allele, wherein the method comprises: a.) contacting the sample with recombinant MHC or recombinant MHC-type molecules, wherein the recombinant MHC or recombinant MHC-type molecules are sufficiently antigenic to be bound by said anti-MHC antibodies in the sample, and wherein the recombinant MHC or recombinant MHC-type molecules comprise a class II heavy chain HLA monomer, a class II beta-2-microglobulin HLA monomer and a folding peptide; and b.) removing the bound anti-MHC antibodies from the sample, whereby the sample has been depleted of anti-MHC antibodies.

The specification on page 2, lines 1-2 disclose that HLA class II molecules are coded for by the DR, DQ, DP, DO and DM regions. The specification on page 12, lines 10-12 discloses that the invention extends to class II MHC molecules. Especially preferably the MHC molecules are in monomeric form. The specification fails to provide any working examples of recombinant MHC comprising a class II heavy chain HLA monomer, a class II beta-2-microglobulin HLA monomer and a folding peptide. The specification provides guidance on recombinant MHC class I molecules but does not provide guidance for MHC Class II molecules as claimed and as indicated in applicants specification MHC class I and MHC class II have completely different structures and different functions (see page 1 of the specification). Further, the synthesis of class II

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MHC monomers at the time of the invention was not well known in the art. Barnardo et al (Transplantation, Vol 70, 531-536, No. 3, August 15, 2000) teaches that the synthesis of class II monomer is not well known and that success of an assay would depend on successful construction of these molecules (p. 536). Thomas et al (US 6,727,070) teaches that many proteins when produced recombinantly, suffer from improper processing, folding and lack normal solubility. Frayser et al (Protein Expression and Purification 15, 105-114, 1999) teaches that recombinant complexes of class II MHC proteins with single, defined peptides or empty, peptide-free molecules have met with limited success and that they suffer from chemical and physical heterogeneity and/or low yield (p. 105). Arimilli et al (The Journal of Biological Chemistry, Vol 270, No. 2, pp. 971-977, 1995) teaches that recombinant MHC class II molecules have difficulty in folding (p. 971). Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would have a low level of predictability in making MHC class II monomers that present a unique epitope of a naturally occurring MHC allele and binds to anti-MHC antibodies that are specific for the naturally occurring MHC allele. At best, one of skill in the art would have to perform random experimentation to try and construct a recombinant MHC Class II monomer that would function as claimed and random experimentation is undue.

5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

6. Claims 22-29, 34-41, 46 and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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Claim 22 the recitation "recombinant MHC-type molecules" is vague and indefinite. It is unclear what applicant intends. Applicant has not provided a definition for the term and it is unclear what is considered to be a MHC-type molecule. See deficiencies throughout the claims.

Claim 22 the recitation "folding peptide" is vague and indefinite. Applicant does not provide a definition for the term "folding peptide" nor does the specification disclose the term "folding peptide" anywhere within the specification. Further, it is unclear if the peptide is folded or if the peptide would cause the recombinant MHC molecule to fold. It is unclear what applicant intends to encompass.

Claim 36 the recitation "recombinant HLA-type molecules" is vague and indefinite. It is unclear what applicant intends. Applicant has not provided a definition for the term and it is unclear what is considered to be a HLA-type molecule. See deficiencies throughout the claims.

### ***Response to Arguments***

7. Applicant's arguments filed 01/0807 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

112 2<sup>nd</sup> rejections:

Applicant argues that the specification makes clear to one of skill in the art the metes and bounds of the claimed invention. Applicant states that the claims and specification state that the antibodies to be depleted are specific for naturally occurring MHC (or HLA) alleles. Applicant states that the specification states that these recombinant MHC or MHC-type monomers, functions as anti-MHC antibody antigen,

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have the advantage that the identity of the MHC is known. Applicant directs Examiner's attention of US Pregrant Pub. No. 2003/0017447 A1 para. 0017. This is not found persuasive because the claims must stand on their own merits and limitations for the specification are not read into the claim. Further, as stated in the previous office action and above the applicant has not provided a definition for the term "MHC-type" and it is unclear what is considered to be "MHC-type". The specification on page 12, lines 22-28 discloses "a number of recombinant HLA or HLA-type molecules are known and described in the literature. As mentioned above, any of these or their fragments, may be used according to the present invention as indeed may any molecule, or fragment thereof, exhibiting the properties and characteristics of an HLA molecule ("HLA-type")".

Applicant's remaining arguments directed to the 112 first rejections have been considered but are moot in view of the new rejections above.

### ***Conclusion***

No claims are allowed.

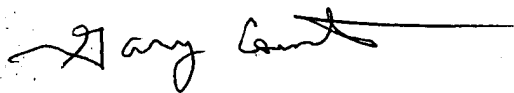
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gary W. Counts whose telephone number is (571) 2720817. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00 - 4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Long Le can be reached on (571) 272-0823. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.



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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.



Gary Counts  
Examiner  
Art Unit 1641  
February 9, 2007



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